



DATE & DAY : 7th July, 2021 (Wednesday)
ORGANISED BY : CBSE, HEADQUARTERS
THEME : PROTECTION OF CHILD RIGHTS
RESOURCE PERSON : MS. ANINDITA ROY (EDUCATOR)
ATTENDED BY : ANIL KUMAR TIWARI

Webinar report on topic” **PROTECTION OF CHILD RIGHTS** “organised by CBSE, **HEADQUARTERS** by resource person **MS. ANINDITA ROY (EDUCATOR)** focusses on following main points-

Types of child abuse-

- physical abuse
- social abuse
- emotional abuse and neglect

Child sexual abuse is a form of child abuse in which an adult or older adolescent abuses a child for sexual stimulation.

Different forms of this include:

- Asking or pressurizing a child to engage in sexual activities
- indecent exposure of genital is to a child
- displaying pornography to a child
- actual sexual contact against the child
- living or engaging in physical contact with the child's genitals

Possible signs of sexual abuse:

- Difficulty walking or sitting demonstrate unusual sexual knowledge /behaviour of development level
- shows extreme compliance reported nightmares or bedwetting
- sudden change in appetite

Other potential indicators the news child may:

- Be aggressive
- Demonstrate fear of adults
- Be destructive to self for others

- Come to school too early or not want to leave school-indicating a possible fear of going home

Predator often target children with obvious vulnerabilities:

- A child who feels unloved
- Has family problems
- Spends time alone and unsupervised
- Lacks confidence and self esteem
- Is isolated from peers

Possible signs of Predator:

- Identifies and targets the victim
- gains trust and access
- plays a role in the child's life isolates the child
- creates a secrecy around the relationship
- initiate sexual contact
- controls the relationship

Rule of child helpline no-1098

- Connected to a ChildLine centre
- ChildLine team rushes to child within 60 minutes
- Child provided rehabilitation with constant follow up

POSCO Protection of children against sexual offences:

POSCO Act was passed by both houses of parliament on May 22, 2012 and came into effect on children's day November 14, 2012.

Punishment

- The act recognises almost every known form of sexual abuse against children as punishable offence.
- The act prescribes stringent punishment graded as per the gravity of offence with a maximum term of rigorous imprisonment for life and fine.

Salient features of the POSCO act:

- Child friendly
- child is given police protection during the investigative procedure
- call avail emergency re-victimization of the child

Talking with child:

- the child may be afraid to tell the whole truth because of fear of being further hurt by the abuser
- a belief that the abuser may go to jail

- feeling of loyalty and attachment to the parent, no matter how bad the situation might be.
- The child may feel that the abuse or neglect is normal.

Protecting yourself:

- activity about being alone with the child
- always stay with view of other never pat or brush against or touch a child anywhere near a private area
- never physically punish a child never allowed child in the private staff area
- never discuss romantic life with a child

Really, it was totally knowledgeable session.

Report presented by

ANIL KUMAR TIWARI