



SUMMER HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

CLASS – XII COMMERCE

SUBJECTS	HOMEWORK QUESTIONS
ENGLISH	<p>I. 'Every human being is an escapist at some or the other level craving for a refuge in some or the other thing. Justify this statement in the light of the chapter "The Third Level by Jack Finney and your own observation of life prevailing around. (Word limit 150-200) 10m</p> <p>Where to do- A4 Size sheets</p> <p>Parameters for Assessment- Content, language and accuracy.</p> <p>II. "Understanding Kamla Das a little more. You all have studied the poem My mother at 66' by Kamla Das. My Grandmother's House" is another poem written by the same poet- Kamla Das. Make a comparative study of both these poems by the same poet. 10m</p> <p>Include the following sub-headings in your project:</p> <p>A detailed study of the poet .</p> <p>Her life.</p> <p>Her works</p> <p>Her style of poetry</p> <p>Comparison between the two poems. It should include-</p> <p>.The similarities</p> <p>. The differences The theme in both the poems.</p>

<p>HINDI</p>	<p>प्रश्न- 1. दिए गए तीन विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर संवादों की सहायता से संक्षिप्त स्क्रिप्ट लिखिए-</p> <p>क) नदियों में प्रदूषण ख) नल से लगातार बहता हुआ पानी ग) स्कूली बच्चों पर बस्ते का बोझ</p> <p>प्रश्न-2. आपके आसपास किसी ऐसी चीज पर एक लेख लिखें जो आपको किसी वजह से वर्णनीय प्रतीत होती हो। वह कोई चाय की दुकान हो सकती है, कोई सैलून हो सकता है, कोई खोमचे वाला हो सकता है या किसी खास दिन पर लगने वाला हाट- बाजार हो सकता है। विषय का सही अंदाजा देने वाला शीर्षक अवश्य दें।</p> <p>प्रश्न-3. आप अखबार के मुख्य पृष्ठ पर कौन-से छह समाचार शीर्षक /सुर्खियां (हेडलाइन) देखना चाहेंगे। उन्हें लिखिए तथा समाचार पत्र का नाम देते हुए मुख्यपृष्ठ (फ्रंट पेज) तैयार कीजिए।</p>
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	<p>प्रश्न- 4. निम्नलिखित विषयों पर दो से तीन सौ शब्दों में लेख लिखिए।</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. एक कामकाजी औरत की शाम 2. सावन की पहली झड़ी 3. मेरा प्रिय टाइमपास
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<p>BUSINESS STUDIES</p>	<p>Q1. Management translates the works to be carried out in terms of goals to be achieved and assigns the means to achieve it. This statement relates to</p> <p>(a) Management of work (b) Management of people (c) Management of operations (d) All of the above</p> <p>Q2. Which of the following statements highlights that management is a group activity? (a) Organisation is a collection of diverse individuals with different needs. (b) Achievement of common goal requires teamwork and co-ordination of efforts in a common direction. (c) Each member of the organisation may have different individual goals but they must travel together towards common goals. (d) All of the above</p> <p>Q3. Keeping in view the changes in the consumer demands and preferences 'Tasitemaker Bakery' has reduced the sugar and fat content in its products. This approach of business shows that</p>
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management is

- (a) An intangible force
- (b) A group activity
- (c) A dynamic function
- (d) A multidimensional activity

Q4. Which of the following is not an organisational objective of management? (a) Earning enough revenue to cover costs

- (b) Earning sufficient profits to cover risks of business
- (c) Increase in the prospects of business in the long run
- (d) Providing free education to their employees children

Q5. Management is considered important because

- (a) It helps an organisation to adapt to the changes
- (b) Seeks to integrate individual efforts
- (c) It helps in development of the society
- (d) All of the above

Q6. Management is considered to be an art because

- (a) The principles of management have universal validity
- (b) The principles of management have universal application
- (c) Different principles of management are brought into effect differently by different managers
- (d) It is not important for the practising managers to be a member of a professional association.

Q7. Which of the following statements is not relevant to the concept of "Management as an inexact science"?

- (a) The principles of management lack universal validity
- (b) The principles of management lack universal applicability
- (c) The principles of management have to be modified according to the given situation
- (d) Management involves dealing with human behaviour and outcomes cannot be predicted with utmost accuracy.

Q8. The authority-responsibility relationships that exist within the organization give rise to (a) Different functions within the organisation

- (b) Different levels in the organisation
- (c) Management as a multidimensional activity
- (d) Management as a group activity

Complete your project file according to the topics (discussed in the class) given to you with complete front pages ,index , bibliography etc.

**PHYSICAL
EDUCATION**

case based study question

Q.1)ABC School is one of the reputed schools in their location for the number of sports facilities it provides to its stake holders. Keeping that in consideration CBSE Sports cell has given them the responsibility of conducting CBSE Football cluster.35 teams have sent their entry for participation in the tournament.

Q-A) Due to large number of teams willing to participate, the school is conducting the competition by fixture.

Q-B)The number of Matches in the first round will be

Q-C) Total number of matches will be.....

Q-D) Total number of byes in lower half will be.....

Q-E) Total number of rounds will be

Q.2) Kumar of XI A is a great athlete. After the lock down he went to see his Physical Education Teacher. Mr. Murugan, the PE teacher is shocked to see Kumar, because Kumar has gained a lot of weight. He also observed many other students have also gained weight. The PE teacher decided to conduct an Inter House Tournament" in the campus. Kumar requested PE Teacher to conduct the tournament on League basis.

Q-A) Kumar feels that league method is best one for Inter house tournament, Why?

Q-B) If 7 teams participate in a League Tournament . how many matches will be conducted in the league Tournament?

Q-C) What is the formula to determine number of matches in double league fixture .

Q-D) What is the formula to determine number of matches in single league fixture .

Q.3) With the aim of promoting physical fitness and healthy lifestyle amongst students the Physical education Teacher at XYZ School plans to organize intramural competitions at school. For conducting the event he has given this assignment to the students of class Xii who have taken up Physical Education subject so that they can get first had experience of organizing events. On the basis of given information answer the following questions:

Q-A) The work of committees is divided into

Q-B) Which is the objective of intramural Sports Tournament?

Q-C) Which is the objective of planning?

Q-D) Complete responsibility for success of competition is taken by.....

Multiple Choice Question Answers

Q.4) The primary goal of Intramural competition is:

(a) To provide opportunity for mass participation of students (b) To participate in inter-school competition (c) To provide intra-school competition (d) All of the above

Q.5) Which of these is not a type of tournament?

(a) Knockout (b) League (c) Cyclic (d) Combination

Q.6) How many matches will be played in First round, if 12 teams are participating in a knockout tournament?

(a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) 6

Q.7) Out of the following methods, by which one is the winner of a single league tournament decided?

(a) British method (b) Consolation method (c) American method (d) Both a and c

Q.8) Explain Various steps of organizing an Inter School Competition in the form of a flowchart or PPT.

ECONOMICS

Q1 Assertion (A): In the phase of income generation in circular flow of income, there is distribution of rent, wages, interest and profit to factors of production owned by the household sector. Reason(R): In the phase of production in circular flow of income, there is process of value addition by the producing sector which hires factor services of land, labour, capital and Entrepreneur from the household sector.

- a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Q2. Assertion(A): Stock variables are those variables whose quantity is measured at a point of time i.e. Stocks are defined at a particular point of time.

Reason (R): We can measure a change in stock over specified period of time such changes in stocks are flows. Flow variables are measured over a specified period of time.

- a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Q3. Assertion(A): Leakages are withdrawals from circular flow of income. Reason(R): Leakages reduce flow of income and production and cause reduction in demand of goods and services.

- a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Q4. Assertion (A): Compensation given to victims of Uttarakhand natural disaster is a commendable welfare measure taken by the government, but it is not included in the estimation of national income. Reason (R): Transfer payments do not lead to corresponding flow of goods and services in the economy hence are not included in the calculation of national income of the country.

- a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.

d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Q5. Assertion(A): A normal resident is said to be a person or an institution who ordinarily resides or is located in a country and whose centre of economic interest lies in that country.

Reason(R): A person can be a citizen of a country and normal resident of some other country . For example a large number of Indian nationals have settled in USA , England etc as residents and not as nationals.

a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.

d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Q6. Assertion (A): Depreciation is loss in the value of fixed assets due to normal wear and tear and expected obsolescence.

Reason(R): During production process, the productive capacity of the fixed assets goes on declining due to its continuous use, changes in technology, changes in demand of goods and services and expected changes and government policy.

a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.

d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Q7. Assertion (A): Sale and purchase of shares, bonds and debentures is not included in the estimation of National income.

Reason(R): Financial assets are mere paper claims which do not add to the flow of goods and services, hence not included in the estimation of national income.

a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.

d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Q8. Assertion (A): Operating surplus is income from property (rent, royalty and interest) and income from entrepreneurship i.e. profits (dividend + Corporation tax + Corporate savings) .

Reason(R): operating surplus does not originate in general government sector as there is no income from property and entrepreneurship.

a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

- b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Q9. Assertion (A): In a closed economy, Net Domestic Product is always equal to Net National Product. Reason(R): There are no economic transactions of a country with the rest of the world in a closed economy. Hence there is no flow of factor services across countries.

- a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).
- c) Assertion(A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- d) Assertion(A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

In the following questions, statement 1 is followed by statement 2. Mark the correct choice as:

Q10. Statement 1: National income is a stock concept.

Statement 2: Closing stock of a firm is a flow concept.

- a) Both the statements are true.
- b) Both the statements are false.
- c) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false.
- d) Statement 2 is true and statement 1 is false.

Q11. Statement 1: Chalks, dusters etc. purchased by a school are final goods
Statement 2: Unsold coal with trader at year end is a final product.

- a) Both the statements are true.
- b) Both the statements are false.
- c) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false.
- d) Statement 2 is true and statement 1 is false.

Q12. Statement 1: Indian Embassy in China is a part of domestic Territory of China. Statement 2: American Consulate in India is a part of domestic Territory of America.

- a) Both the statements are true.
- b) Both the statements are false.
- c) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false.
- d) Statement 2 is true and statement 1 is false.

Q13. Statement 1: GDCF refers to investment expenditure by the producing sectors in a country. Statement 2: Business fixed investment is expenditure on purchase of second hand goods and machines in the domestic territory.

- a) Both the statements are true.
- b) Both the statements are false.
- c) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false.
- d) Statement 2 is true and statement 1 is false.

Q14. Statement 1: Mixed income of self employed is the income of own account workers and unincorporated Enterprises.

Statement 2: Mixed income of self employed is not included in the estimation of national income. a) Both the statements are true.

b) Both the statements are false.

c) Statement 1 is true and statement 2 is false.

d) Statement 2 is true and statement 1 is false.

State with reason whether the following statements are defended or Refuted.

Q15. " Unexpected obsolescence is a component of depreciation" .Defend or Refute.

Q16. " Bread is always a consumer good". Defend or Refute.

Q17. " National income is always more than the domestic income". Defend or Refute.

Q18. " Salary of an Indian working in Russian Embassy in India is included in National Income".

Q19. All savings by how tools and forms go to _____ market.

a) Stock

b) Financial

c) both a & b

d) None of these

Q20. "earning of the bottom half of the countries population was ₹ 53610. What does term 'earning' signify?

a) Flow variable

b) Stock variable

c) Both a & b

d) Neither a nor b

Q21. In a two sector economy model _____ of households is equal to _____ of producer sector.

a) Consumption expenditure, Income

b) Income, Consumption expenditure

c) Consumption expenditure, Savings

d) Investment expenditure, Consumption expenditure

Q22. Benefit of unemployment allowance would be available to workers.

a) Who has lost job due to pandemic

b) Who are on the verge of losing jobs due to pandemic

c) Both a and b

d) Neither a nor b

Q23. Subsidies are financial assistance by government to an enterprise which is given: a) As compensation for selling goods below open market price

b) To encourage exports

- c) To encourage employment
- d) All of these

Q24. Fall in the value of assets due to expected obsolescence is:

- a) Capital loss
- b) Depreciation
- c) Shut down point
- d) All of these

Q25. Foreign embassies in India are a part of India's:

- a) Economic territory
- b) Geographical territory
- c) Both a and b
- d) None of these

Q26. Which of the following statement is incorrect?

- a) $GDP_{at MP} = GDP_{at FC} + NIT$
- b) $NNP_{at MP} = NNP_{at FC}$
- c) $GNP_{at MP} = GDP_{at MP} + NFIA$
- d) $NNP_{at FC} = \text{National Income}$

Q27. Items excluded from GNP measurement:

- a) Sale of furniture
- b) Sale of securities
- c) Sale of second hand goods
- d) Both b and c

Q28. NDP FC is equal to:

- i) Compensation of employees
- ii) Operating surplus
- iii) Mixed income
- iv) NFIA

- a) i and ii
- b) i, ii & iii
- c) ii, iii & iv
- d) None of these

Complete your project file according to the topics (discussed in the class) given to you with complete front pages ,index , bibliography etc.

ACCOUNTANCY

1.State under which major heading and sub headings will the following items be presented in the balance sheet of a company as per schedule - III Part - I of the companies Act 2013.

1. Bank balance
2. Licenses and Franchise
3. Vehicles
4. Accrued income
5. Loose tools
6. Securities Premium reserve
7. Call in advance
8. Public deposit for 12 months
9. Calls in advance
10. Mortgage loan

2. Mention six items each included under the head of inventories.

3.Briefly explain any three limitation of financial statement analysis.

4. Distinguish between horizontal analysis and vertical analysis.

5.From the information extracted from the statement of Profit and loss for the years ended 31st march,2017 and 31st march 2018, prepare a comparative statement of Profit and loss:

Particulars	Note no.	2018	2017
Revenue from operation		300 % of cost of material consumed	200 % of cost of material consumed
Cost of material consumed		240000	200000
Other expenses		20 % of cost of material consumed	10 % of cost of material consumed
Tax rate		50 %	50 %

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PRATI KSHA SHARMA

CLASS TEACHER